

CONFIDENTIAL

CLASSIFICATION CONFIDENTIAL

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
INFORMATION FROM
FOREIGN DOCUMENTS OR RADIO BROADCASTS

REPORT

50X1-HUM

CD NO.

COUNTRY Poland

DATE OF
INFORMATION 1950

SUBJECT Economic - Investment plan

DATE DIST. 19 Jun 1950

HOW
PUBLISHED Daily newspaperWHERE
PUBLISHED Warsaw

NO. OF PAGES 2

DATE
PUBLISHED 2 Mar 1950SUPPLEMENT TO
REPORT NO.

LANGUAGE Polish

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS INFORMATION AFFECTING THE NATIONAL DEFENSE
OF THE UNITED STATES WITHIN THE MEANING OF ESPIONAGE ACT 80
U. S. C. 31 AND 32, AS AMENDED. ITS TRANSMISSION OR THE REVELATION
OF ITS CONTENTS IN ANY MANNER TO AN UNAUTHORIZED PERSON IS PRO-
HIBITED BY LAW. REPRODUCTION OF THIS FORM IS PROHIBITED.

THIS IS UNEVALUATED INFORMATION

SOURCE Polska Zbrojna, No 61, 1950.GIVES DATA ON 1950 INVESTMENT PLAN

The main feature of the 1950 plan is the large increase in investments. In 1950, new industrial enterprises will be activated; later on, industrial equipment will be modernized. Mining will be mechanized and electrified on a wide scale. Large investments will also be made in agriculture. In transportation and communications, the following will be started: construction of new railroad lines, further development of Warsaw's railroad center, and electrification of Gdansk railroad center. To make the socialized wholesale and retail trade more efficient, it is planned to construct grain elevators, refrigeration plants, warehouses, etc.

In education, the first to be considered are vocational training and schools for higher education, especially technical schools.

Notable progress will be made in housing construction in the entire country, especially in Slask and Warsaw.

In the course of carrying out the Six-Year Plan, there will be considerable industrialization of the up-to-now backward eastern and central wojewodztwos. During 1950, Krakow Wojewodztwo's share in investments will be increased. Investment outlays in Warsaw and Kielce wojewodztwos will be doubled; in Bialystok, Olsztyn, and Rzeszow Wojewodztwos, they will increase by nearly 100 percent. Large investment outlays will also be made in Slask during 1950. Up to now, 16 percent of the nation's total investment outlay was made in Slask Wojewodztwo. This wojewodztwo will have an even larger share in investments to provide expansion in metallurgical plants, power plants, and coal mines, to eliminate bottlenecks in the economy, and provide housing.

The estimated budget for 1950 foresees the total investment outlay amounting to 491.1 billion zlotys. Appropriations from the state budget increased by over 107 billion zlotys, or over 40 percent, over 1949. From a 130-billion-zloty quota assigned to cover industrial investments, nearly 102 billion zlotys, or 21 percent, of the total investment outlay will be used for investments in heavy industry, coal mining, and electric power. Agriculture will receive 36 billion zlotys for modernization of organization and production. Ten percent

- 1 -

CONFIDENTIAL

CLASSIFICATION		CONFIDENTIAL	
STATE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NAVY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NSRB	DISTRIBUTION
ARMY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AIR	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FBI	

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

50X1-HUM

of the total quota for investments is assigned for construction. Out of the anticipated 46.8-billion-zloty assignment for construction, 30.5 billion zlotys will be used for residential construction. In 1949, the outlay for this purpose was 24.4 billion zlotys. For the expansion of socialized trade, 22.2 billion zlotys are assigned. For the Ministry of Education and the Central Office for Vocational Training (CUSZ), a 23-billion-zloty investment is foreseen. Of this sum, over 5.5 billion zlotys are for cultural activities and arts. The sum of 6 billion zlotys is for public health and social welfare investments.

- E N D -

- 2 -

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL